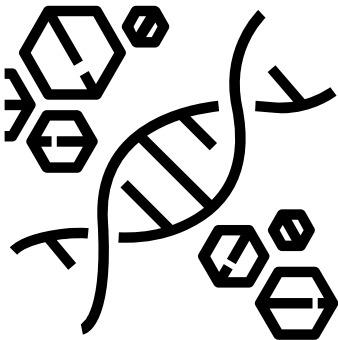


INFUSION THERAPY DICTIONARY



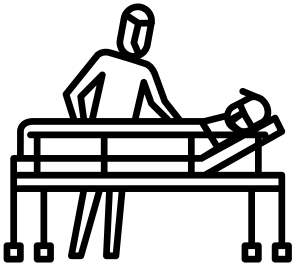
AMBULATORY SERVICES

Any health service provided outside of a hospital setting. Flexcare Infusion Centers is an ambulatory infusion clinic.



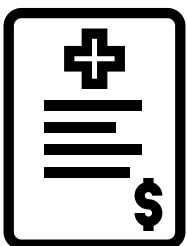
BIOLOGIC

Medications that consist of living cells (either whole or parts of cells). They are commonly used to treat more complex conditions, including cancer and autoimmune disorders. They work by targeting parts of the immune system responsible for causing inflammation throughout the body.



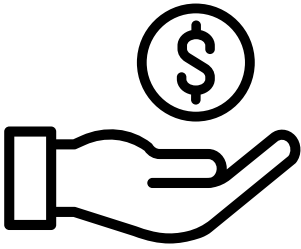
CHRONIC ILLNESS(ES)

Any illness or disease that is persistent and long-lasting. Chronic illnesses typically have no cure and require continued medical attention. Chronic illnesses may be managed with medications and lifestyle changes.



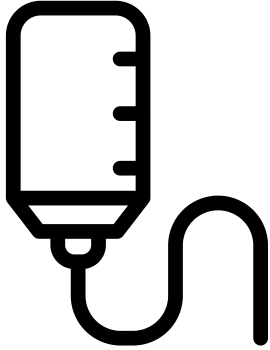
COINSURANCE

The percent a patient pays in a benefit period after reaching their deductible.



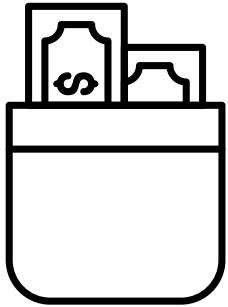
DEDUCTIBLE

The amount a patient pays for healthcare services before insurance begins to cover costs. Deductibles are established per benefit period (usually one year in length).



INFUSION

Receiving medication intravenously (through the vein). Also called IV therapy, infusions require the insertion of a needle or catheter into the vein. The medication enters the body through the needle or catheter directly into the bloodstream.



OUT-OF-POCKET-COSTS

The amount a patient pays for a health service. This cost will vary depending on the patient's health insurance plan. Some plans have a maximum out-of-pocket cost per benefit period.



PREMEDICATIONS

Any medications a patient receives before a treatment, therapy, or medical procedure. These medications often serve a secondary purpose or help to amplify the success of the primary therapy.

